

# **GCSE MARKING SCHEME**

MATHEMATICS - LINEAR
SUMMER 2013

### INTRODUCTION

The marking schemes which follow were those used by WJEC for the Summer 2013 examination in GCSE MATHEMATICS - LINEAR. They were finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conferences were held shortly after the papers were taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conferences was to ensure that the marking schemes were interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conferences, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about these marking schemes.

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## **PAPER 1 - FOUNDATION TIER**

2013 Summer Linear Paper 1 (Non calculator) Foundation Tier	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
1. (a) (i) 32 056	B1	
1. (a) (ii) ten thousand (and) one hundred and two	B1	
1. (b) (i) 44 and 23	B1	
1. (b) (ii) 12 and 41	B1	
1. (b) (iii) 36	B1	Accept 6 <sup>2</sup> , 6×6 but NOT 6
1. (c) (i) 6520	B1	
1. (c) (ii) 7000	B1	
1. (d) 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18	B2	B1 for any 4 correct factors and up to 1 incorrect
1. (e) (i) 1346	B1	
1. (e) (ii) 6314	B1	
Parts (i) and (ii) marked together		
2. (a) (i) 11	B1	
(ii) 34	B1	
2. (b) 8000 OR 8 thousand OR thousand (s)	B1	B0 for 1 thousand OR 1000
2. (c) (0) ·75	B1	
(0) ·77	B1	
(0) ·73 , <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> , 77%	B1	Accept (0) ·73, (0) ·75, (0) ·77 or equivalent For the third B1, F.T. incorrect decimals <u>less than 1</u> . <u>B0 if given vertically.</u>
2. (d) 100 × 19 or 100 × 19.2 OR 100 × 20 OR 99 × 20 OR 98 × 20 OR 98.6 × 20 OR <b>90</b> × <b>20</b>	M1	Good estimates
= 1900 OR 1920 OR 2000 OR 1980 OR1960 <b>OR 1800</b>	A1	F.T their estimates for simple calculations  SC1 for unsupported 2000
		Penalise extraneous working (towards actual answer) M0A0
3. (a) Value = $7 \times 9 + 4$	M1	Correctly substituted and correct attempt to evaluate.
= 67	A1	e.g. $7 \times 9 + 4 = 7 \times 13$ (=91) gets M0, A0.
		OR $7 \times 9 + 4 = 66$ gets M0, A0.
3. (b) number of the term = $(88 - 4) / 7$ = 12	M1 A1	For correct substitution with subtraction and division Allow embedded references to the correct answer.
All parts (a) – (b) marked at the same time	√ D2	Part (a) only ✓
4. (a) Rugby 16, Soccer 12, Hockey 14, Tennis 8	B2	B1 for any two/three correct frequencies If frequencies score 0, then give B1 for all 4 correct tallies.
Both axes labelled, e.g. frequency along one axis and	B2	B1 if no scale but allow one square to represent 1 OR B1 if
R(ugby), S(occer), H(ockey), T(ennis) along other axis Anywhere within the base (inc.) of the corres. bar.		not labelled as 'frequency' If frequency scale starts with 1 at the top of the first square
Uniform scale for the frequency axis starting at 0.		the starting at 0 will be implied for this axis.
2 state for the frequency this starting at 0.		Condone frequency numbers alongside squares instead of at
		the top of squares.
Four bars at correct heights (bars must be of	B2	F.T. their table of frequencies
equal width). Can be in any order.		B1 for any 2 or 3 correct bars on F.T.
		If no frequencies given in their working, penalise -1 for each incorrect frequency on their bors up to 4 (First and third
		incorrect frequency on their bars up to -4 (First and third B2s)
(b) Rugby OR 'R'	B1	Accept 16 and Rugby, but B0 for 16 only
		F.T. their frequencies

2013 Summer Linear Paper 1 (Non calculator) Foundation Tier	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
5. (a) Missing inside segments = 5, (5) and 2 Perimeter = 8+8+8+3+3+5+5+2	S1 M1	One 5 with the 2 in correct places gets S1 Attempt to add all sides of the shape FT 'their 2' for possible M1 If the 5 and 2 are not shown on diagram but both 5s and 2 are in the sum of sides for the perimeter then award S1 here.
= 42 (cm)	A1	C.A.O.
5. (b) Area = $8 \times 3 + 5 \times 3 + 5 \times 3$ OR $8 \times 8 - 5 \times 2$ = $54$	M1 A1	Attempt to add all areas of the shape OR difference of areas F.T. if missing sides (even incorrect) are clearly indicated
cm <sup>2</sup>	U1	Independent of all other marks.
6. (a) 6x	B1	
6. (b) (P = ) 66	B2	B1 for either 30 OR 36 B0 for 30T and/or 36H
7. A(6, -5), B (-2, -4) and C(-3, 3) plotted.	В3	B1 for each. Reversed coordinates get B0.  Letters A,B,C not needed.
8. (a) <u>Use overlay</u> $A\hat{B}C = 54^{\circ} (\pm 2^{\circ})$	M1	
$BA = 9 \text{ cm } (\pm 2 \text{ mm})$	M1 A1	Dependent on at least one M1
Completed triangle.  8. (b) Reflex	B1	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
_	√ B1	
8. (c) 2 litres = $2000 \frac{\text{(cm}^3)}{\text{Height}}$ Height = $\frac{2000}{20.25}$	M1	FT their 2000
$20\times25$ (Area of base =) 500 (cm <sup>2</sup> ) Height = 4 (cm)	B1 A1	OR correct one stage of calculation. E.g. 2000/20 = 100 or 2000/25 = 80
9. (a)	B2	B1 for each of 1st and 3rd quadrants
Parts (i) and (ii) marked together (b) (i)		
	B1	Only the correct line drawn  The line gets B1 even if only the part that is in the shape
(ii)	B1	Only the correct two lines drawn 'Horizontal' line (and vertical line should look as if they are bisecting the shape

2013 Summer Linear Paper 1 (Non calculator) Foundation Tier	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
Both parts (a) & (b) marked at the same time		Comments
10. (a) Overlay (viewed with diagram)		
Plots	P1	Allow ONE error within a small square.
Line	G1	If the points are plotted incorrectly, allow a curve through points, line segments or line of best fit.
10. (b) Any correct strategy, e.g. 10 times value at 37	M1	Any correct method using graph or table.
980 (N)	A1	F.T. their graph. Unsupported answers in the range 970 – 1000 <u>inclusive</u> get M1, A1.
All parts (a) – (b) marked at the same time		
11. (a) (2) 1 (1) 2 (1) 0 (2) 3 (1) 2 (4) 5 (2) 3 (5) 6	B2	B1 for at least 4 correct entries from 2nd and 4th columns
(b) (i) $\frac{10}{16}$ I.S.W.	В2	F.T. their table
$\frac{(0)(1)}{16} = 1.5.$ W.		B1 for a numerator of 10 in a fraction less than 1.
		B1 for a denominator of 16 in a fraction less than 1.
10		Penalise -1 once only for wrong notation, e.g. 10 out of 16
(ii) $\frac{10}{16}$ of 80 OR $\frac{10}{16} \times 80$	M1	F.T. their (b)(i) if a fraction less than 1 $\underline{\text{and}} \neq \frac{1}{2}$ .
= 50	A1	Penalise incorrect cancelling of 10/16 here.
		50 out of 80 gets the M1, A1 but 50/80 gets M1, A0.
(iii) $80 \times 90(p) - 50 \times (£)1.20$ OR	M1	F.T. full method of
OR $7200(p) - 6000(p)$ OR $(£)72 - (£)60$		$80 \times 90p$ - 'their $50$ ' $\times$ £1.20
= (£)12  or  1200(p)	A1	rounded up or down figure if their 50 is not a whole number OR 30×90 –50×30 (=2700–1500) =1200
12. (Weight of half the water) = $18 - 11 = 7$ (kg)	B1	
(Weight of bucket) = $18 - 2 \times 7$ OR $11 - 7$	M1	Weight of water = $14(kg)$ gets B1
$(\text{weight of bucket}) = 18 - 2 \times 7  \text{OR}  11 - 7$ $= 4 \text{ (kg)}$	A1	FT 'their 7'
13. (a) (x =) 180 – 90 – 36 OR 90 – 36	M1	
= 54(°)	A1	
13. (b) 65 + 57 + 98 = 220	B1	
13. (b) $63 + 37 + 98 = 220$ $360 - 220$ OR sight of $140(^{\circ})$	M1	F.T. 'their 220'
$(y =) 40(^{\circ})$	A1	Condone mathematical reversals, e.g. 220 –360 if correct
-		answer follows i.e. 140 in this case.
14. (a) All points plotted correctly	B2	B1 for at least 3 correct plots Ignore line of best fit
14. (b) Positive	B1	Do not accept descriptions.
14. (c) Line of best fit with points above and below	B1	Line of best fit must be appropriate for the trend of points Do not accept a line drawn corner-to-corner of graph paper
14.(d) Their estimate, from their line of best fit	B1	FT for their incorrect line of best fit OR only if <b>no line</b> shown then accept answers in the range (£)430 to (£)460 <b>inclusive</b>
14. (e) Evidence of takings / number of customers	M1	Accept for any pair of values in proportion or any pair of values on the line of best fit, or using the gradient of the line of best fit. For the idea of proportion of takings/customers, which candidates may find from one set of values or
Approximately (£)5 (Accept £4.40 to £5.50 <u>inclusive</u> )	A1	summations <u>Accept unsupported answers in the range</u>

2013 Summer Linear Paper 1 (Non calculator) Foundation Tier	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
15.		Award equivalent seen within looking at a fixed time period,
(Manana Water cost for 700m <sup>3</sup> of water)		e.g. 1 year, 2 years
0.06×700 OR 6×700	M1	D 12000
$42(\mathfrak{E})$ $4200(\text{cents})$ (Channel Water cost for $700\text{m}^3$ of water)	A1	Do not accept 4200€
$30 + 0.02 \times 700$	M1	Or equivalent. Must be consistent units for M1
= 44(€)	A1	•
(But, for Channel Water first bill cost is) $44\times0.8$ OR $44-0.2\times44$ (= $44-8.8(0)$ )	M1	FT 'their 44' provided previous M1 awarded or sight of 30 +(0.0)2×700 (or 1430) used in calculation or similar calculation with place value error
35.2(0 €)	A1	If M0, A0, due to working with only 1/3 of 44 reduced by 20%, then SC1 for an answer of 41.06() or 41.07
Choice, with any valid reason, e.g. 'Manana because after 1 <sup>st</sup> 3 months change', 'Channel first 3 months (then change to Manana)',	E1	FT provided 1 <sup>st</sup> two M1 marks awarded for each Water Company. Do not FT from 1430 or similar mixed unit error
'In the long run Manana',		Accept answers based on a fixed time period, e.g. considering 3 years
Look for		Ignore any further incorrect calculation
<ul><li>spelling</li><li>clarity of text explanations,</li></ul>	QWC	
<ul> <li>the use of notation (watch for the use of '=', € being appropriate)</li> </ul>	2	
QWC2: Candidates will be expected to		
present work clearly, with words explaining		OWIC2 Presents relevant motorial in a solverent and logical
process or steps		QWC2 Presents relevant material in a coherent and logical manner, using acceptable mathematical form, and with few
AND  make few if any mistakes in methamatical		if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.
<ul> <li>make few if any mistakes in mathematical form, spelling, punctuation and grammar and</li> </ul>		
include units in their final answer		QWC1 Presents relevant material in a coherent and logical
QWC1: Candidates will be expected to		manner but with some errors in use of mathematical form, spelling, punctuation or grammar.
<ul> <li>present work clearly, with words explaining process or steps</li> </ul>		OR
OR		Evident weaknesses in organisation of material but using
make few if any mistakes in mathematical		acceptable mathematical form, with few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.
form, spelling, punctuation and grammar and		spenning, punctuation and grainmar.
include units in their final answer		QWC0 Evident weaknesses in organisation of
		material, and errors in use of mathematical form,
16.(a) Method with at least 2 correct prime factors	M1	spelling, punctuation and grammar.  2 correct primes before 2 <sup>nd</sup> error
Sight of correct factors (2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 13)	A1	Ignore 1s seen
$2^3 \times 3^2 \times 13$ or $2^3 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 13$	B1	FT their factors (with at least one index >1 used).
16. (b) E.g. '2 x 5 <sup>2</sup> not even powers', or '2 x 25 but not	E1	Do not ignore 1s.  Do not accept "even powers" without relevant working, nor """ "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" "" ""
square' Or '7x7=49 and 8x8=64 (so 50 not square)'		"no number times itself gives 50". But do accept "no whole number times itself gives 50"
17. $\hat{ADP} = 130^{\circ}$	√ D1	Look at diagram throughout and amount are also as the
	B1	Look at diagram throughout and award appropriate credit.
$A\hat{P}D=25^{\circ}$ OR $P\hat{A}D=25^{\circ}$	B1	Some answers will imply preceding ones, e.g. B2 if only 25 given
$B\hat{R}C = OR  C\hat{B}R = (180^{\circ} - 50^{\circ})/2  OR  130/2$	M1	F.T. 'their 50' using the isosceles triangle property correctly
= 65°	A1	C.A.O.
$x = 180^{\circ} - 25^{\circ} - 65^{\circ}$ = 90°	m1	Dependent on the M1
_ /0	A1	Unsupported answers of $x = 90^{\circ}$ get 0.

## **PAPER 1 - HIGHER TIER**

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME
<b>2013 - Paper 1</b> 1(a) a = 125° b = 55° c= 52°	В3	Comments  B1 for each, FT b = 180 - a, e.g. a=128 leads to b=52, which B0, B1.
2(a) All points plotted correctly	B2	B1 for at least 3 correct plots Ignore line of best fit
2(b) Positive	B1	Do not accept descriptions.
2(c) Line of best fit with points above and below	B1	Line of best fit must be appropriate for the trend of points  Do not accept a line drawn corner-to-corner of graph paper
2(d) Their estimate, from their line of best fit	B1	FT for their incorrect line of best fit OR only if <b>no line</b> shown then accept answers in the range (£)430 to (£)460 inclusive
2(e) Evidence of takings / number of customers	M1	Accept for any pair of values in proportion or any pair of values on the line of best fit, or using the gradient of the line of best fit. For the idea of proportion of takings/customers, which candidates may find from one set of values or summations
Approximately (£)5 (Accept £4.40 to £5.50)	A1	Accept unsupported answers in the range
3(a)(i) (12/30)×100 40(%)	M1 A1	
3(a)(ii) 20(%)	B1	FT ½ (a)(i) provided it is a percentage
3(b) Fractions 15/30 (or ½) Fairtrade and 2/30 (or 1/15) non-Fairtrade	B2	B1 for either 15/30 (=1/2) OR 2/30 Ignore any further working
Accurate perpendicular bisector constructed with all necessary arcs Accurate bisection with evidence of all necessary arcs	B1 B2	No marks if no arcs Accept 1 pair of arcs with a correct mid point  B1 for pair of arcs on appropriate lines with an
and the angle $45^{\circ}$ ( $\pm 2^{\circ}$ ) indicated		attempt at the next step, but some inaccuracy, OR Accurate bisection with evidence of all necessary arcs but the angle 45° (±2°) NOT indicated

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer 2013 - Paper 1	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
5. (Manana Water cost for $700\text{m}^3$ of water) $0.06 \times 700$ OR $6 \times 700$ $42(\text{€})$ 4200(cents)  (Channel Water cost for $700\text{m}^3$ of water) $30 + 0.02 \times 700$ $= 44(\text{€})$	M1 A1 M1 A1	Award equivalent seen within looking at a fixed time period, e.g. 1 year, 2 years  Do not accept 4200€  Or equivalent. Must be consistent units for M1
(But, for Channel Water first bill cost is) 44×0.8 OR 44 − 0.2×44 (= 44 − 8.8(0)) 35.2(0 €)	M1	FT 'their 44' provided previous M1 awarded or sight of 30 +(0.0)2×700 (or 1430) used in calculation or similar calculation with place value error If M0, A0, due to working with only 1/3 of 44 reduced by 20%, then SC1 for an answer of 41.06() or 41.07
Choice, with any valid reason, e.g. 'Manana because after 1 <sup>st</sup> 3 months change', 'Channel first 3 months (then change to Manana)', 'In the long run Manana',	E1	FT provided 1 <sup>st</sup> two M1 marks awarded for each Water Company. Do not FT from 1430 or similar mixed unit error Accept answers based on a fixed time period, e.g. considering 3 years  Ignore any further incorrect calculation
Look for  • spelling  • clarity of text explanations,  • the use of notation (watch for the use of '=', € being appropriate)	QWC 2	QWC2 Presents relevant material in a coherent and logical manner, using acceptable mathematical form, and with few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.  QWC1 Presents relevant material in a coherent
QWC2: Candidates will be expected to  present work clearly, with words explaining process or steps  AND  make few if any mistakes in mathematical form, spelling, punctuation and grammar and include units in their final answer  QWC1: Candidates will be expected to  present work clearly, with words explaining process or steps  OR  make few if any mistakes in mathematical form, spelling, punctuation and grammar and		and logical manner but with some errors in use of mathematical form, spelling, punctuation or grammar.  OR  Evident weaknesses in organisation of material but using acceptable mathematical form, with few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.  QWC0 Evident weaknesses in organisation of material, and errors in use of mathematical form, spelling, punctuation and grammar.
include units in their final answer  6(a) Correct enlargement Intention of correct position	B2 B1	B1 for any2 lines enlarged by scale factor 2
6(b) Correct rotation	B2	B1 for a near miss i.e. not on grid points, or for 90° clockwise rotation
7(a) 133(°)	B1	
7(b) 360 – 47 OR 133 + 180 313(°)	M1 A1	FT their '133' for M and A marks, however do not FT measured 110(±2) leading to 290 (M0,A0)
8 (a) Sight of $2\times3\times3\times5$ or $15\times6$ AND $3\times5\times7$ or $15\times7$	M1	Or equivalent work with factors, other than 1, for both 90 and 105, e.g. 2×45 with 5×21 or equivalent showing exact divisions
HCF is 15	A1	CAO

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME
<b>2013 - Paper 1</b> 8(b) 15 × 2 × 3 × 7 or 15×6×7	M1	Comments Or equivalent correct expression for LCM
LCM is 630	A1	CAO
8(c) Method with at least 2 correct prime factors Sight of correct factors (2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 13)	M1 A1	2 correct primes before 2 <sup>nd</sup> error Ignore 1s seen
$2^{3} \times 3^{2} \times 13 \text{ or } 2^{3} \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 13$	B1	FT their factors (with at least one index >1 used).
		Do not ignore 1s.
9. Circumference or width $2 \times \pi \times 10$ or $\pi \times 20$	M1 A1	Or equivalent in metres Or equivalent in metres
62.8(cm)	AI	or equivalent in metres
Area rectangle 62.8 × 200 OR 0.628 × 2	M2	FT only if 'their 62.8' is clearly a circumference,
		i.e. from ' $\pi$ ×value', do not FT for 'area×2(00)' etc.
		M1 for appropriate calculation but units
		inconsistent and not corrected later
12560 cm <sup>2</sup> OR 1.256 m <sup>2</sup>	A1	CAO Units must be given
	111	Allow ISW once correct answer seen
$10.(a) y^2 = g + t$	B1	. 2
$y = (\pm)\sqrt{(g+t)}$	B1	FT from $y^2 = g - t$ to $y = (\pm)\sqrt{(g-t)}$
10(b)   3y + w = 10y + 15	B1	Includes correct expansion FT until 2 <sup>nd</sup> error
3y - 10y = 15 - w OR $w - 15 = 10y - 3y$	B1	•
-7y = 15 - w OR $w - 15 = 7yy = 15 - w$ OR $y = w - 15$	B1 B1	FT if total of y terms has not been simplified.
7	D1	Mark final answer
11. $6l + 8w = 55$ and $4l + 12w = 50$ , OR alternative full	S1	Accept other informal notation
strategy Method to equate coefficients (allow 1 slip)	M1	FT for their logical simultaneous equations,
interior to equate coefficients (unow 1 sup)	.,,,,	including semi-perimeter ( $3l + 4w = 55$ and $2l +$
		6w = 50), or equivalent inconsistent type of
First variable	A1	error, for M1, FT from M1 to A1 provided answer positive
Method to find second variable	m1	FT provided 1st M1
Second variable	A1	FT from m1 to A1 provided answer positive
		Width = $2(cm)$ Length = $6.5(cm)$
		Alternative:
		S1 Trial & improvement method working with all
		criteria M1 Two different trials attempting to match
		criteria
		MI Two trials, one either side of desired
		(This may imply previous M1also) A1 Width 2(cm)
		A1 Length 6.5(cm)
		If final answers of 2(cm) and 6.5(cm), award S1
		and B4
12(a) 275	B1	
12(b) Selecting Cat Boots UK with a reason, e.g. 'right	E1	
skew', 'more calls longer than 10 minutes'		
-		
12(c) 25, 125, 300, 360	B2	B1 for any two correct values, OR FT cumulative from 1 error finding 2 further
		cumulative values accurately
10(1) 2	3.55	
12(d) 3 unique vertical plots correct at upper bounds All plots correct and joined, <b>including</b> to zero at t=0	M1 A1	Now only FT their <u>cumulative table</u> to (d)  Ignore bars only if intention clear that line or
I'm prote correct and joined, including to zero at t=0		curve is being used in (e)
12(e) (i) Median from cumulative graph (180 <sup>th</sup> )	B1	FT from their <u>cumulative</u> graph of joined points
		(Actual is approximately 11.5)
12(e)(ii) Attempt, (using the reading on the horizontal	M1	FT for their <u>cumulative</u> graph of joined points
from 270 and 90) UQ – LQ		(Actual is approximately 14 or $14.5 - 8$ or $8.5$ )
IQR	A1	(5.5 to 6.5)
	ı	

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer	1	FINAL MARK SCHEME
2013 - Paper 1	Marks	Comments
13(a) xy/z OR x×y÷z	B2	B1 for sight of xy, x/z or y/z, this may be within an incorrect expression involving multiplication and division only, e.g. 'xyz', 'y/xz'
13(b) E.g. 'all pigs eat the same', 'same amount given to pigs each day'	E1	Must include idea of 'same' or 'equality'
14(a) x(x+6) - x(x-3) as a numerator	M1	Accept intention of brackets when working not shown, e.g. $x^2 + 6x - x^2 - 3x$ , or $3x$
(x-3)(x+6) as a <u>denominator</u> 9x / (x-3)(x+6)	M1 A1	CAO. If (x-3)(x+6) expanded, must be correct If M1, M1, A1 awarded penalise further incorrect work -1. If no marks then SC1 for 9x
14(b) (7x + 10)(7x - 10)	B2	B1 for (7x 10)(7x 10)
2(7x + 10)  (7x - 10)/2	B1 B1	FT provided no more than 1 previous error and provided simplification required.  Mark final answer. Accept 3.5x - 5
14(c) $(2x-5)^2$ (ISW) OR $4x^2-20x+25$ (ISW)	B1	Do not accept $4x^2 - 10x - 10x + 25$
15(a) 10x = 4.3535 and $1000x = 435.3535$ with an attempt to subtract	M1	Or $x = 0.43535$ and $100x = 43.535$ with an attempt to subtract, or equivalent. Or alternative method
431/990 ISW	A1	An answer of 43.1/99 gains M1 only
15(b) 1/10	B1	Do not accept 0.1
15(c)(i) 1	B1	CAO
15(c)(ii) 2√10	B1	CAO
15(c)(iii) 2√5	B1	CAO
16. OBQ or OAQ = 90(°)	B1	Accept shown on the diagram, accept indication of right angle symbolically
Reason: radius meets tangent	E1	
Angles of quadrilateral total 360(°), OR angles of a triangle 180(°) with equal tangents	E1	Accept mention of symmetry or isosceles triangles or indication of equal sides on the diagram
90 – x or unsimplified equivalent	B1	
17.(a) Correct evaluation of at least 3 coordinates Suitable axes with appropriate scale and labels	B1 B1	t 0 1 2 3 4 5 v 0 4 6 6 4 0 FT for their axes if reasonable.
Plotting at least 4 correct points	M1	FT their coordinates provided at least B1 previously awarded
All 6 points correct and joined with a curve	A1	CAO. Not a FT from incorrect coordinates
17(b)(i) 2.3 to 2.35	B1	
17(b)(ii) Draw a tangent at $t = 1$	M1	25 1 100
Use of or stating difference v / difference t Gradient from working with tangent and differences	m1 A1	Must be differences, not readings from axes Accept unsimplified fraction but not if it contains
m/s <sup>2</sup>	U1	a decimal Independent of M and A marks
17(b)(iii) Splitting area under curve into areas that can be	M1	Maybe shown on the graph
approximated At least two correct areas within a sum to calculate the	M1	(e.g. equal ordinates width 1 is 0.5+2+3.5+3.5)
total area Estimate for area from correct calculation of suitable areas	A1	(=9.5)

## **PAPER 2 - FOUNDATION TIER**

2013 Summer Linear Paper 2 (Calculator allowed)	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME
Foundation Tier		Comments
1. Parts (a) & (b) marked at the same time		
(a) (40.41)	D.1	
$\frac{39.51}{39.51}$ (sausages)	B1	
8  (packs) (3.04) (stuffing)	B1	For the 8
<u>75.84</u> (steaks)	B1	
<u>158.8(0)</u>	B1	F.T. unless both 39.51 AND 75.84 are incorrect
(b) $10\% = (£) 15.88$	M1	Any correct method for finding 20%.
10% = (£) 11.88 $20% = (£) 31.76$	A1	F.T. their total. Ignore extra decimal places in their answer. If (£)31.76 not given then (£) 127.04 gains M1 A1
	<b>✓</b>	
2. 120km (120m) 120mm 120cm	B1	
80kg) 80g 80mg 800kg	B1	
$2 \text{ litre}  10 \text{ cm}^3  (200 \text{ ml})  1 \text{ ml}$	B1	
$4\text{m}^2$ $400\text{cm}^2$ $40\text{mm}^2$ $400\text{cm}^3$	B1	
2. Partings 0(0 (z) 240 (z)	D1	730 :1: D1
3. Readings 960 (g), 240 (g)	B1	720 implies B1
One block weighs (960 – 240)/8	M1	FT readings
= 90 (g)	A1	
4. (a) chord	B1	
tangent	B1	
4. (b) (i) 12.1 (cm) to 12.5 (cm) inclusive	B1	
4. (b) (ii) Perpendicular through C	B1	Line should be between a line touching the left of A and
i. (b) (ii) Terpendicular anough C	<b>D</b> 1	between the p and a of 'passes'.
		Perpendicular does not need to cut AB
5 (a) (Viewed with diagram)		r espendicular does not need to cut AB
5. (a) (Viewed with diagram)	3.61	
Evidence of square counting	M1	
46 – 52 inclusive	A1	D.T. (1 : 46 . 50)
276 - 312 inclusive (m <sup>2</sup> )	B1	F.T. 'their 46 – 52' × 6  Unsupported engues in the range 276 212 gats 3 marks
5. (b) Both lines	B1	Unsupported answer in the range 276 – 312 gets 3 marks.
Arc	B1	Ignore extra lines that look like wrong attempts F.T. the end of their line and opposite curvature.
6. 7 by 4 rectangle	B1	Notes: Wrong dimensions gets B0; allow ±2mm
7 by 5 rectangle	B1	Ignore 'flaps'.
Two 3,4, 5 triangles	B1	Ignore maps.
Makes a valid net	B1	Must be a correct net that would produce the prism.
7. (a) 12/20, 9/15 and 6/10 circled	B2	B1 for any 2 correct and up to 1 incorrect
7. (a) 12/20, 7/15 and 0/10 effected	D2	OR B1 for all 3 correct and 1 incorrect.
7. (b) 6 shaded sectors OR 2 unshaded sectors	B1	
7. (c) 1/4 I.S.W.	B2	B1 for equivalent, e.g. 10/40
Q (a) II 2(0C)	D 1	Do NOT accept decimals
8. (a) Up 2(°C) -8(°C)	B1 B1	Allow –2(°C) Down
8. (b) 53/100 × 82	M1	Any correct method for finding 53%.
= 43.46 I.S.W.	A1	C.A.O.
		43.46% gets M1, A0.
		Unsupported 43, 43.4, 43.5 gets M1, A0
8. (c) 73	B1	For the 6 and the 11
8. (c) 73 35 (38)	DI	FOI THE O AND THE TT
(17) 18 20	B1	For any four other correct numbers on F.T.
10 7 11 (9)	51	2 of any loan outer correct name of the first
10 / 11 (9)		

2013 Summer Linear Paper 2 (Calculator allowed)	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME
Foundation Tier		Comments
9. (a) (i) Add 4 to the previous term	B1	Accept +4. B0 for $n+4$ or $4n+1$
9. (a) (ii) Divide the previous term by 3	B1	Accept $\div 3$ . B0 for $n/3$
9. (b) (i) (£) t/100 9. (b) (ii) m – 10	B1	Accept $t \div 100$ or $(0).01t$ Allow $m = m - 10$
9. (b) (ii) $m - 10$ 9. (c) $3x = 18$	B1 B1	Allow $m = m - 10$
(x=) 6	B1	F.T. $3x=b$ , if b is a multiple of 3 then answer must be integer Accept embedded answers such as $3\times 6 - 7 = 11$ $3\times 6 = 18$ gets 0, but $3x = 18$ then $3\times 6 = 18$ gets B2
9. (d) (i) (5, 8) I.S.W. OR (5, 8), (6, 9), (7, 9),	B1	But B0 for (5, 8, 9, ,10,)
9. (d) (ii) $(x, \underline{x+3})$	B1	B0 for $(x,+3)$
All parts (a) to (c) marked together 10. (a) (£) 58	B1	
10. (b) Sum of the amounts (416) Sum/8 (£) 52 10. (c) (i) (£) 37	M1 M1 A1 B1	For attempt to add the numbers For dividing a number in the range 330 – 500 by 8. C.A.O. F.T. 'their mean' – 15
10. (c) (ii) (£)58	B1	F.T. their range in part (a)
11. (a) $9.7$ (cm) $9.7 \times 8$ = $77.6$ (km)	B1 M1 A1	Allow 9·5 – 9·9 FT 'their 9·7' Unsupported answers in the range 76 – 79.2 inclusive get 3 marks.
11. (b) <u>Use Overlay</u> Bearing 147° from P Bearing 021° from Q Point (X)	M1 M1 A1	Allow ±2° Allow ±2° F.T. if at least M1 awarded Unambiguous dots within the boundaries of the overlay can get the M1s. One unambiguous dot within the 'box' gets all 3 marks. An unambiguous point of intersection does not require X.
12. e.g. Paper A 1200/60 = 20 Paper B 1200/30 = 40	M1 A1 M1 A1	Accept $20 \times 60 = 1200$ for M1, A1 Accept $40 \times 30 = 1200$ OR $2 \times 20$ for M1, A1
For either 2 markers OR 4 markers. 6 markers needed in total.	B1 B1	Unsupported answer of '6 (markers)' gets 6 marks. Unsupported 'about 6' OR 'at least 6' gets B0, B0.
Look for	QWC 2	QWC2 Presents relevant material in a coherent and logical manner, using acceptable mathematical form, and with few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.  QWC1 Presents relevant material in a coherent and logical manner but with some errors in use of mathematical form, spelling, punctuation or grammar.  OR  Evident weaknesses in organisation of material but using acceptable mathematical form, with few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar.  QWC0 Evident weaknesses in organisation of material, and errors in use of mathematical form, spelling
make few if any mistakes in mathematical form, spelling, punctuation and grammar and include units in their final answer		

2013 Summer Linear Paper 2 (Calculator allowed) Foundation Tier	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
13. (a) Arcs to show 60° or 120°	M1	Allow unlabelled angles of 60 as the supplementary angle will be 120.
120° angle drawn with either 60° or 120° labelled correctly	A1	A0 for incorrect labelling of the 60° and/or 120°, or no labelling.  Watch out for when either end of the line to A is used as the radius of the arc.
13. (b) Correct intersecting arcs which are above and below the given line.	M1	Candidates may draw 2 pairs of correct arcs above the line (or 2 pairs below the line) to get this M1.
Line bisector 14. (a) 85000/540	A1 M1	
157.41	A2	Mark final answer A1 for sight 157(.407407) not to 2dp as required
14. (b)(i) Wednesday Method, e.g. 13:50	B1	
+ 5 hours + 7hrs 51 minutes (0)2(:)41 or 2(:)41 am	M1 M1 A1	Do not penalise poor notation for M marks Award M2 for '+12hr 51mins' Notation for 24 or 12 hour time must be correct Do not accept 241pm The A mark depends on M2, award all marks for a correct answer
	<b>√</b>	
14. (b)(ii) (Speed) 434 × 1.85 (802.9 or 803) (Distance) × 7.75 6222(.475 km) or 6223.(25km)	M1 M2 A2	M1 for '× 7hr 45min' 'or × 465 min' A1 for an answer of 3363.5, OR 6215.5(km) or other similar answers that would be correct apart from premature approximation
15. (a) 122	B1	
15. (b) (0 kelvin) -273.15 and (100 kelvin) -173.15	B2	B1 for either, or 2 negative answers with their 0 kelvin answer being 100 less than their 100 kelvin answer
15.(c) 340 kelvin to Celsius: working with 100 difference in both kelvin and Celsius	M1	e.g. sight of 40 + 26.85, 126.85 – 60, 340-273.15
66.85 (degrees Celsius)	A1	Look for response in the table. Accept 66.8, 66.9, 67
Answer for Fahrenheit between 140 and 158 exclusive	B1	Look for evidence in the table.
6.85 tenths of 18 OR (6.85/10)×18	M1	FT from rounding 66.85 (Celsius), e.g. 7 tenths of 18
152(.33 Fahrenheit)	A1	Accept 153 from correct working  Allow final B1, M1, A1 for a correct evaluation of 'their  66.85' × 1.8 + 32  Penalise reversed answers - 1
Any three different pairs of congruent triangle identified	√ B3	B1 for each pair. Watch out for repeats. If letters are used then ignore the order of letters 'Watch out for usage of 4 letters which still make a triangle (eg ABED)'
17. $80 \times 600 \times 0.4(0)$	M2	M1 for product of any two seen.
80 × 600 ×0.4(0) = 19200	A1	Or equivalent calculation
19200 – 1200 OR 18000 red buttons	B1	ET 'their 18000' provided M2 awarded
÷ 500 AND ÷80 OR ÷40 000	m2	FT 'their 18000' provided M2 awarded m1 for ÷ 500 or ÷80 Accept 36 buttons per bag as evidence for m1
0.45 or 45%	A1	CAO

## **PAPER 2 - HIGHER TIER**

M1	Comments
1111	5 2 2 22
m1	
A1	CAO Must be from a correct method. Need to check method to watch for incorrect ÷4
M1	OR 3/6 × 1/6. Accept 1/6 written as 0.166 or 0.17, NOT 0.16
A1	OR 3/36
M1	
A2	Mark final answer A1 for sight 157(.407407) not to 2dp as required
B1	
	Do not penalise poor notation for M marks
	Award M2 for '+12hr 51mins'
AI	Notation for 24 or 12 hour time must be correct Do not accept 241pm
	The A mark depends on M2, award all marks for
	a correct answer
M1	
M2	M1 for '× 7hr 45min' or '×465 mins'
A2	A1 for an answer of 3363.5, OR
	6215.5(km) or other similar answers that would
	be correct apart from premature approximation
	QWC2 Presents relevant material in a coherent
QWC	and logical manner, using acceptable
2	mathematical form, and with few if any errors in
	spelling, punctuation and grammar.
	QWC1 Presents relevant material in a coherent
	and logical manner but with some errors in use
	of mathematical form, spelling, punctuation or grammar.
	OR
	Evident weaknesses in organisation of material
	but using acceptable mathematical form, with
	few if any errors in spelling, punctuation and
	grammar.
	OWGO E 11 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	QWC0 Evident weaknesses in organisation of material, and errors in use of mathematical form,
	spelling, punctuation and grammar.
B1	2, - 6, F
B2	B1 for either, or 2 negative answers with their
	0 kelvin answer being 100 less than their 100
	kelvin answer
	M1 M2 M1 M2 A2

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME
2013 - Paper 2		Comments
4(c) 340 kelvin to Celsius: working with 100 difference in both kelvin and Celsius	M1	e.g. sight of 40 + 26.85, 126.85 – 60, 340-273.15
66.85 (degrees Celsius)	A1	Look for response in the table. Accept 66.8, 66.9, 67
Answer for Fahrenheit between 140 and 158 exclusive	B1	Look for evidence in the table.
6.85 tenths of 18 OR (6.85/10)×18	M1	FT from rounding 66.85 (Celsius), e.g. 7 tenths of 18
152(.33 Fahrenheit)	A1	Accept 153 from correct working  Allow final B1, M1, A1 for a correct evaluation
		of 'their $66.85$ ' $\times 1.8 + 32$
		Penalise reversed answers - 1
5(a) 8x - 3x = 29 + 11	B1	FT until 2 <sup>nd</sup> error
5x = 40 OR $x = 40/5$	B1	
x = 8	B1	Must be simplified
5(b) 7(x +7)	B1	CAO
5(c) x(x-10)	B1	CAO
5(N 2 <sup>2</sup> 12	D.0	
$5(d) 2x^2 + 12x$	B2	Must be as one complete expression.
		Mark final answer
	D2	B1 for each term
6. Any three different pairs of congruent triangles identified	В3	B1 for each pair. If letters are used then ignore the order of letters
		Watch for repeats!
7. $a^2 = 6.4^2 - 4.7^2$	M1	
$a^2 = 18.87$	A1	Accept sight of $a = 4.3(439)$
x is $\sqrt{22.9}$ to $\sqrt{23.28}$	M1	FT 'their a <sup>2</sup> ' or 'their a' provided M1 awarded or M1 for x from $\sqrt{66.82}$ to $\sqrt{67.46}$
		(when ' $a^2 = 63.05$ ' or ' $a = 7.94$ ')
x is 4.78 to 4.8(249)	A1	Accept 5 from correct working
		FT from $a^2 = 63.05$ is $x = 8.174$ to 8.2134
8. $80 \times 600 \times 0.4(0)$	M2	M1 for product of any two seen. Or equivalent calculation
= 19200	A1	of equivalent calculation
19200 – 1200 OR 18000 red buttons	B1	
÷ 500 AND ÷80 OR ÷40 000	m2	FT 'their 18000' provided M2 awarded m1 for ÷ 500 or ÷80
0.45 or 45%	A1	Accept 36 buttons per bag as evidence for m1 CAO
9. Any two lines drawn correctly	B2	B1 for any 1 line drawn correctly
Correct region identified	B1	CAO
10(a) All correct entries	B2	B1 for 2 pairs of branches correct
10/4\0.7\0.2	<b>N</b> / 1	ET from their tree madel illier word by d
10(b) 0.7×0.3	M1	FT from their tree, probabilities must be <1
$+ 0.3 \times 0.7$ = 0.42	M1 A1	
- U.42	AI	

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer 2013 - Paper 2	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
11. Strategy: relevant sketch showing understanding of centre of the road and vertical buildings <b>and</b> angle(s) of	S1	Ignore placement of 20m in the sketch This S1 may be implied by relevant working
elevation shown in the correct positions $(x = ) \tan 72 \times 10$ OR $(y = ) \tan 38 \times 10$	M2	M1 for tan72=x/10 or tan38=y/10, OR
(x =) $30.7768$ AND (y =) $7.812856$ Answers in the range $22.9(m)$ to $23(m)$	A1 A1	M1 for x = $\tan 72 \times 20$ or y = $\tan 38 \times 20$ FT use of 20, answers 61.55 AND 15.6257 FT use of 20, answer of 46(m) or 45.9(3m)
		Accept sine rule as an equivalent method.
		Incorrect placement of the angles leads to: <u>Either</u> S0 sketch appropriate but angles at top vertices M1 for $x = 10/\tan 72$ OR $y = 10/\tan 38$ A1 for $x = 3.249$ AND $y = 12.799$ A1 for $9.55$ (m) rounded or truncated Or
		20 used, not 10, then SC2 for an answer of 19.1(m), or SC1 for 6.498 or 25.598
		Do not accepted unsupported answers, as scale drawing are not accepted, max S1 for meeting the criteria for the sketch
12. $24x^2 - 6x + 20x - 5$ AND $24x^2 - 3x + 40x - 5$ OR $-24x^2 + 3x - 40x + 5$	В3	B2 for either expansion of pair of brackets
Clearly reducing to $-6x + 20x + 3x - 40x$ to $-23x$	B1	correct B1 for one slip in both expansions CAO. Convincing from correct working
13(a) $x/0.8=4.5/3$ OR $x = (4.5/3) \times 0.8$ OR $x = 1.5 \times 0.8$ $x = 1.2$ (cm)	M1 A1	Or equivalent
$y = (3/4.5) \times 2.4$ OR $y = 2.4/1.5$ OR $y = 2.4 \times 0.8/x$	M1	Or equivalent
y = 1.6 (cm)	A1	FT their x
13(b) Area scale factor $1.5^2$ or $2.25$ or $9/4$ $1.5^2 \times 3.4(0)$ OR $2.25 \times 3.4(0)$	B1 M1	Or equivalent FT for M1 only incorrect evaluation of 1.5 <sup>2</sup>
(£)7.65	A1	CAO
14. Interpreting that 75% equates to 5 billion	B1	
5 billion / 3 or equivalent (e.g. ÷75×25) 1 666 666 666.66 or 1.66 billion	M1 A1	Accept rounded answers. Do not accept
$1.7\times10^9$	В2	truncated answers FT 'their 1 666 666 666.66' provided it is >1 million B1 for an answer with attempt at standard form but not correctly expressed, e.g. $16.667 \times 10^8$ , $1.67 \times 10^9$
		If no marks SC1 for 5 billion expressed as $5 \times 10^9$
15(a) $(2x + 5)(4x - 1)$ x = -5/2 AND $x = 1/4$	B2 B1	B1 for (2x 5)(4x 1) FT from their pair of brackets, equivalent difficulty No marks for the use of the quadratic formula, or trial & improvement
15(b) $\{5+\sqrt{(-5^2-4x3x-7)}\}/2x3$	M1	For substitution, allow one slip
$= \{5 \pm \sqrt{109}\}/6$ 2.57 and -0.91	A1 A1	CAO Accept method of completing square
16. Correct sketch, reflection in the x-axis	B1	Accept memou of completing square

Higher Tier Linear GCSE Mathematics Summer 2013 - Paper 2	Marks	FINAL MARK SCHEME Comments
17(a) (x=) -2, 3 and 5	B2	Mark final answer
		B1 for any one correct answer
		Accept embedded answers
17(b) Realising that the line needed is $y = -5x + 10$	M1	
Method to find points to plot for $y=-5x+10$	m1	E.g. table with coordinates for 2 correct points
Accurate graph of $y = -5x + 10$ drawn	A1	
x-value of intersection from their graph $(-1.4)(\pm 0.1)$	A1	CAO. Remember this depends on M1
		If $y=5x+10$ selected leading to answers of -2 and 1.5( $\pm 0.1$ ), SC1 for each of -2 and 1.5( $\pm 0.1$ )
		If $y=5x$ -10 selected leading to answers of 2.7(±0.1) and 5.8(±0.1), SC1 for both answers given
18. Answers that round to 203.6(°) or 336.4(°)	B1	Accept 204 or 336
Then: the other angle with no other values	B1	FT 540 – first answer. FT must be in required
		range.
		Accept embedded answers
19. $6.4^2 = 4.6^2 + 5.8^2 - 2 \times 4.6 \times 5.8 \times \cos X$ , or	M1	
$4.6^2 = 6.4^2 + 5.8^2 - 2 \times 6.4 \times 5.8 \times \cos Y$ , or		
$5.8^2 = 6.4^2 + 4.6^2 - 2 \times 6.4 \times 4.6 \times \cos Z$ , or		
Correct rearrangement	m1	This implies the first M1
74.967(°) or 43.95(°) or 61(.07°)	A1	With appropriate rounding, 75, 44, 61
		G, tt,
Use of area = $\frac{1}{2}$ ab sinC with appropriate substitution	M1	FT their 75, 44, 61 if clear this is the included
$\frac{1}{2} \times 4.6 \times 5.8 \times \sin 75$ , or		angle as appropriate for M1 only. Not for use of
$\frac{1}{2} \times 6.4 \times 5.8 \times \sin 44$ , or		spurious angles (needs to be from calculation)
$\frac{1}{2} \times 4.6 \times 6.4 \times \sin 61$		
$12.9 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}$	A1	Accept 12.883 or appropriately rounded,
Volume compost = $0.12 \times 12.9 \text{ or } 12 \times 129 000$	M2	accept 13
		FT their 12.9 provided M1 for cosine rule and
		M1 for ½ abSinC awarded.
		M1 for $12 \times$ their $12.9$ , or sight the product with
		the digits 12 and their 129, may be implied by an
		answer with correct digits but incorrect place
1.5(46 m <sup>3</sup> ) or 1 546 017(.335cm <sup>3</sup> )	A1	value
	AI	Or correct FT response from M2 Accept reasonable rounding or truncation
		If an incorrect unit is given then A0
		ii an incorrect unit is given then Ao



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